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HOW TO USE THIS BOOK

This book is designed around a simple principle: information is more easily assimilated when you have context.

Words Organized by Theme

Rather than studying random or alphabetized lists of words (which are quite arbitrary when it comes to how words are related), in this edition the words are organized into lists based on common concepts or themes. Themes are noted on the top right of the page. This should, on its own, make the words easier to retain. For example, if you forget what *languid* means but remember that it belongs to the list of words related to *sloth*, you'll know that it probably has something to do with laziness or lacking energy.

This way of organizing words affords a few study options. For example, you can study related groups of words like *speech*, *expression*, and *writing* or opposite pairs of words like *success* and *failure* to build ever larger frameworks of context.

A natural consequence of organizing words by common meaning is that you will encounter many words with similar or identical meanings. So, while working through exercises, do not be disturbed by the fact that while you used one word to answer a question, a synonymous word is listed as the answer. If your answer is synonymous with the correct answer, both answers are correct!

Notable Roots

Another feature of this book is the list of *notable roots* that follows each day's words. This includes roots, prefixes, and suffixes found in your vocabulary words that can also be found in other words. This gives you yet another context for study: groups of words that share common roots.

Weekly Study Program

The book is organized into 46 weeks of study, each containing four lists of six words to be studied during the week and a series of review exercises for the fifth day (or weekend if you prefer). Review exercises not only cover that week's words, but also periodically review words learned on previous weeks. This brings up an important point—success with vocabulary study comes through repetition. Each day's words should be reviewed a few times throughout the day, and past words need to be studied and used in order for them to stick.

FULL PRONUNCIATION KEY

a	apple, bat	i	inch, pin	S	spell, best
ā	age, lace	ir	ear, cheer	sh	shrug, crash
ä	alms, father	ĩ	ivy, hide	t	time, act
är	arm, jar			th	think, teeth
		j	just, enjoy	TH	this, breathe
b	bag, sob	k	kin, talk		
ch	chill, such	1	lose, hurl	u	bull, foot
d	done, said	m	mice, cram	ur	sure, pure
		n	not, into	ū	ooze, cute
Э	around, waken,	ŋ	song, ring	û	up, month
	pencil, demon				
e	elk, met	0	ox, rot	V	vast, have
ē	ease, see	Õ	open, blow	w	wish, squeak
er	air, wear	ô	all, bought	y	youth, few
ėr	urn, worth	ôi	oil, boy	Z	zoo, buzz
		ôr	ore, cord	zh	genre, pleasure
f	feel, stiff	ou	owl, mouse		
g	gone, big			2	denotes separate
h	him, behind	p	pest, cap		syllables
hw	which, whale	r	red, tree		

READING WISELY

An *astute* reader can *surmise* the logic and general meaning of a text without necessarily being influenced by it. She has the mental *acuity* to separate fact from opinion. She does not shun the latter but instead weighs *proffered* insights according to the *probity* of the writer as well as the degree to which subjective views conform with her experience, values, and *prudence*.

Sample Sentences: Use your new words in the following sentences. Occasionally, it may be necessary to change the ending of a word (e.g., indiscriminate to indiscriminately).

1.	The mayor's business dealings left his open to question.
2.	To receive a driver's license you must demonstrate your visual
3.	is the hallmark of a sound investment strategy.
4.	Above all, a hiring manager must be a(n) judge of character.
5.	The professor the following advice: choose a well-researched topic.
6.	From his demeanor, Beth that her brother wished to be left alone.

Definitions: Now that you have seen and used the new words in sentences and have the definitions "on the tip of your tongue," try to pair the words with their meanings.

7.	astute	-
8.	surmise	=====
9.	acuity	=
10.	proffer	====
11.	probity	
12.	prudence	

- a. to determine by observation and deduction
- b. to present in a helpful manner
- c. upright moral character
- d. caution; good sense
- e. clever; keenly observant
- f. sharpness; perceptiveness

NEW WORDS

astute

ə-stût

surmise

sur - mīz

acuity

ə-kyū-i-tē

proffer

pro - fér

probity

prō - bi - tē

prudence

prū - dins

Notable Roots:

mis = send out;

ac = sharpness; prob = worth, goodness

INFORMATION OVERLOAD

Though information technology has put a glut of it at our fingertips, knowledge is not always power. A healthy democracy does depend on a citizenry *cognizant* of facts and *apprised* of current events. To be truly *circumspect* about it, however, we *concoct* so many studies, "news" articles, and angry screeds for *perusal* that readers can become numb, while the *pedantic* merely use facts and talking points to impress.

Sample Sentences: Now that you've seen the words used in context and have an idea of their meanings, try to use them in the following sentences. Remember that a word ending may have to be changed.

1.	The teacher easily saw through the excuse her student had
2.	An array of intelligence services keeps the president of foreign and domestic threats to national security.
3.	of what the pitcher was about to throw, the center fielder confidently swung the bat.
4.	Einstein was modest and never toward those who lacked his brilliance.
5.	While the young are prone to rashness, the old are more
6.	The young couple had their attorney the contract before they would sign it.

Definitions: Test yourself by matching the new words with the definitions.

1.	cognizant		a,	to review with care
8.	apprise		b.	thoughtful; cautious
9.	circumspect	-	C.	showing off one's knowledge
10.	concoct		d.	to be aware of specific information
11.	peruse		e.	to create or prepare
12.	pedantic	-	f.	to provide information

NEW WORDS

cognizant

kog - ni - zent

apprise

ə - prīz

circumspect

ser - kûm - spekt

concoct

kun - kokt

peruse

pa - rūz

pedantic

pa - dan - tik

Notable Roots:

cog = thought, knowledge; circum = circle; spec = sight; ped = teaching, child

LEND FEW THY TONGUE

5. Malik is naturally more __

are barely noticed, if at all.

Sylvia was a *canny* survivor. For months one decree after another came down from the new management team without any input from the workforce. Accustomed to a more open corporate culture, griping colleagues found themselves victims of "restructuring." Sylvia had found that a *politic* approach gave her a better chance at keeping her post. Thus, she maintained an *introspective* silence. When the atmosphere finally became too toxic, she crafted a corporate memo offering a *cogent* analysis of company failings with many *incisive* critiques. After *ruminating* over whether to send it, however, she chose instead to polish her resume and begin the search for an employer that deserved her skills and loyalty.

Sample Sentences: Try your hand at using your new words by writing them in their correct form (change the endings if necessary) in these sentences:

1.		, feverish mind was s s; together they formed a h	[[전시] 전 전에 발매되었다면 하고 하면 없는 것이 살아 들어 없다면 했다.
2.		in their eulo on his many foreign policy ate scandal.	5.THOUGH NO. 10 IN COLOR CONTROL (1977)
3.	The quiet of nature allows into and solutions for the	s us a chance to vexations of everyday life.	, finding insights
4.	A arguing argui	ment will always win more	people over than a

Definitions: If you are having trouble picking the right definitions, it may be best *not* to do them in the order given, but to do the ones you are surest of first.

6. Lincoln's kindly, story-telling persona belied what a ______ politician he was.

, often apologizing for breaches of etiquette that

7.	canny	4	a.	inward looking; self-aware
8.	politic	=====	b.	expressed clearly and forcefully
9.	introspective		c.	careful to avoid giving offense; shrew
10.	cogent		d.	to consider carefully
11.	incisive		e.	perceptive; astute*; cautious
12.	ruminate		f.	clear and penetrating; harsh

NEW WORDS

canny

kan - në

politic

pol - i - tik

introspective

in - tro - spek - tiv

cogent

kō - jent

incisive

in - sī - siv

ruminate

rū - min - āt

Notable Roots:

polis = city; intro = inward; spec = sight; cis = cut; rumen = chew on

^{*}astute—studied previously, see page 1. Each review word studied previously will be followed by an asterisk—you will find the first use of the word by consulting the index at the back of the book.

NERVOUS NELLY

Contract signing always made Chris feel pensive. He had done his job well, bringing buyers and sellers together. This was the moment when he would earn his commission, but past experience had taught him to take a pragmatic view: so many things could still go wrong. Perspicacious first-time homebuyers asked many questions, some reasonable and trenchant, others quibbling and paranoid. To assuage their fears as much as possible, he felt it best to be transparent. "The contract stipulates \$20,000 in earnest money," he pointed out, then added, pedagogically, "That's a down payment the sellers keep in case you back out before closing."

Sample Sentences: Getting the hang of it? Now go on to use the six new words in the following sentences—remember, past tenses may be required.

1.	Few modern satirists are as as H. L. Mencken, whose wit was devastating.
2.	Elle's expression stood out in the sea of smiling faces in the class photo.
3.	As a natural, Malini was a font of both useful information and trivia.
4.	The visionary Root designed buildings of sublime beauty for the clients secured by the charming and Burnham.
5.	The general manager, "Stick" Michael, assembled the Yankee dynasty of the late 1990s by recognizing the latent potential of unsung prospects and free agents.

NEW WORDS

pensive

pen - siv

pragmatic

prag - ma - tik

perspicacious

per - spik - ā - shəs

trenchant

tren - chent

stipulate

stip - ū - lāt

pedagogue

ped - a - gog

Notable Roots:

children

pens = thinking; spec = sight; trench = depth; ped = teaching,

Definitions: Pick the letter of the definition that matches your new word and write it in the answer space.

6. The terms _____ in the labor agreement are so clear that management and the

7. pensive ______

8. pragmatic _____

workforce rarely have serious disagreements.

- a. to set as a condition for an agreement
- teacher; one who offers unsolicited information
- c. observant; sarcastically witty
- d. thoughtful; nervous
- e. perceptive; discerning
- f. having a practical point of view

perspicacious

trenchant
 stipulate

pedagogue



GROUP REVIEW

You have accomplished something worthwhile this week. In learning 24 useful words, you have taken a step toward a greater mastery of the English language. In studying a single group of related words, you are more likely to retain this mastery. As a result of today's lesson, you will become aware of those words that require greater study on your part for complete success in these first lessons.

Matching

Directions: Take the following quiz by matching the best possible definition with the words you have studied. Write the letter that stands for that definition in the appropriate answer space.

REVIEW W	ORD	S	DEF	FINITIONS
	1.	acuity	a.	to be aware of specific information
-	2.	apprise	ь.	having a practical point of view
	3.	astute	c.	to consider carefully
	4.	canny	d.	thoughtful; nervous
-	5.	circumspect	e.	perceptive; astute*; cautious
	6.	cogent	f.	upright moral character
2	7.	cognizant	g.	perceptive; discerning
	8.	concoct	h.	expressed clearly and forcefully
	9.	incisive	i.	to determine by observation and deduction
-	10.	introspective	j.	teacher; one who offers unsolicited information
	11.	pedagogue	k.	clear and penetrating; harsh
	12.	pedantic	l.	thoughtful; cautious
	13.	pensive	m.	observant; sarcastically witty
	14.	perspicacious	n.	showing off one's knowledge
-	15.	peruse	o.	to set as a condition for an agreement
-	16.	politic	p.	caution; good sense
	17.	pragmatic	q.	careful to avoid giving offense; shrewd
	18.	probity	r.	clever; keenly observant
	19.	proffer	s.	to review with care
	20.	prudence	t.	sharpness; perceptiveness
S	21.	ruminate	u.	to provide information
-	22.	stipulate	v.	to present in a helpful manner
	23.	surmise	w.	to create or prepare
	24.	trenchant	x.	inward looking; self-aware

WEEK 1 5



Exploring Roots

As the most common roots are to be found in many different words, knowledge of them is an important tool for breaking down new and unfamiliar vocabulary. Whether you recognize a word's etymology or its similarity to a foreign language word, improving your knowledge of these building blocks will improve your mastery of vocabulary.

Directions: Match the root definition with the sentence containing an italicized word using the same root.

	1.	teaching, child	a.	Ruminants are the principle source of milk production.
	2.	sight	b.	The modern <i>metropolis</i> offers much for tourists to admire.
	3.	depth	c.	Judges often sentence first-time offenders to probation.
	4.	circle	d.	Some personality disorders can be treated with cognitive behavioral therapy.
	5.	thought	e.	Entrenched attitudes are the hardest to eradicate.
	6.	chew on	f.	Magellan died before he could complete the circumnavigation of the world.
	7.	city	g.	The daredevil amazed the spectators.
-	8.	worth	h.	Vaccination is a contentious subject among parents and pediatricians.